Carolina Observer.

IX.—23.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1825. [NO. 439.

D AND PUBLISHED, EVERY THURSDAY,
BY EDWARD J. HALE,
LLARS per annum, payable in advance.

ISEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per
e first, and 30 cents for each succeed-
on. Advertisers are requested to state
of insertions desired, or they will be con-
rther orders, and charged accordingly.
the Editor must be post paid.

her and Shoe Store.

of the big Boot and Shoe, in Mar-
ket Square.

scriber is now opening his Fall Supply
OOTS & SHOES. Having made ar-
with some of the best Manufacturers in
nd Philadelphia, for regular supplies of
he will warrant the same to be of the
as to materials and workmanship.
Wellington Boots, Philadelphia made.
Shoetees and Shoes, do calf.
w York city made Morocco, Seal Skin,
oots and Shoes.
with every other kind necessary to con-
plete assortment.
bove he has connected

Leather Business,

p constantly on hand, the various kinds
ost in demand.
superior Calf Skin.
Upper Leather, &c. &c.
ALSO,
r's Castor, Imitation Beaver, Roram,
and Wool HATS.
ushes, of various descriptions.
nish, Liquid & Paste Blacking, &c. &c.
articles are offered, at Wholesale or
r Cash only.
WM. L. HAWLEY.

38-6t

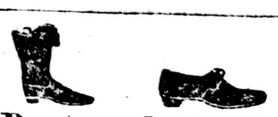
uit & Ornamental
TREES, &c.

WM. PRINCE, Proprietor of the Lin-
nean Garden and Nurseries, near
ew York, offers the public his very ex-
ection of Fruit Trees of all the choicest
mental Trees, Flowering Shrubs and
s, Hyacinths, and other Bulbous Flow-
bove 1800 species of Green-House
ding the most splendid and rare kinds,
are 30 varieties of Oranges, Lemons,
28 of the Camellia Japonica or Japan
f Geraniums, Green and Bohea Tea
c. In the collection are also several
rape Vines of the finest European
bove 500 varieties of Roses, including
China Roses.
s may be obtained of the subscriber, and
gh him, or sent to the proprietor per
et prompt attention.
WM. H. MAFFETT, Agent.
le, Oct. 19—37-4t

reasury Department,
OCTOBER 14th, 1825.

ANT to the provisions of an
f Congress, approved on the 3d
ast, authorizing the President of
States to borrow, on the credit
ited States, on or before the first
uary next, a sum not exceeding
lions of dollars—
IS HEREBY GIVEN, That sealed
will be received at the Treasury,
gton, until the twenty-first day
er next, inclusive, for lending to
States the sum of ten millions
ed thousand dollars.
quired that the proposals shall
m which the parties are willing
every hundred dollars of stock
interest, payable quarterly, of
half per centum per annum, and
le at the pleasure of the United
follows:
at any time after the thirty-first
cember, one thousand eight hun-
wenty-eight, and the remainder
e after the thirty-first day of De-
ne thousand eight hundred and
e: PROVIDED, That no reimburse-
be made except for the whole
a certificate, nor until after at
onths public notice of such in-
mbursement. It is also required,
roposals shall state the place at
money offered will be paid;
st be at one or other of the places
viz: At the Bank of the United
Philadelphia, or its office of Dis-
Deposite in New York, Boston,
Richmond, or Charleston. It
required, that, on the acceptance
oposals, the money be deposited
t of the Treasurer of the United
he above Bank or Offices, as the
e, in manner following, that is to
tion thereof equal to four dollars
in each hundred dollars on or
tenth day of December next, and
on or before the thirty-first day
e month. For the first deposite,
rtificate will be issued by the
f the Bank or Office where it is
on the second or final deposite,
der of such scrip-certificate, cer-
Stock of the description before
and bearing interest from the
day of December next, will be
the Commissioner of Loans at
r Office where the payment has
. The scrip-certificates will be
by endorsement and delivery:
ure to complete the final payment
e stipulated, the first deposite
feited to the United States, and
ertificate become void.
posal for a less sum than ten thou-
s will be received, nor will any
ceived at less than par.
RICHARD RUSH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

J. F. & John Lippitt
Offer for Sale,
1500 Bushels Salt
75 bbls. Muscovado Sugar
125 bags Coffee
20 hhds. Molasses
20 bbls. Loaf and Lump Sugar
20 bags Pepper
10 bags Spice
15 bags Ginger
20 tons Iron
150 kegs cut Nails and Brads
German Blistered and Cast Steel
Cotton and Wool Cards
Wool Machine Cards
Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Alum, Logwood, and other Dye Stuffs
As usual, an assortment of Patent Medicines and Paints, dry and in Oil.
October 26—38-tf



Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Fall Supply of *BOOTS & SHOES*, which are offered at Wholesale or Retail, at a small advance.
H. G. NELSON.
Oct. 26th.—38-tf.

$10 Reward.

ESCAPED from the Subscriber, in the Town of Fayetteville, N. C., on last night, a Negro Man named JIM. About 37 or 38 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, very black and bald; the thumb of his right hand has been cut off by a cotton gin, and the fore-finger injured by the same. I yesterday took him out of the Jail in this place, in which he had been confined as a runaway for about six weeks. He will no doubt endeavor to pass for a free man.

Any person taking up and securing said Negro, will be entitled to the above reward on giving information thereof to *Gurdon Deming, Esq.* of Fayetteville, or to the Subscriber, living near Walton Court House, in Georgia.
WM. B. WILLINGHAM.
Fayetteville, Oct. 20.—38-4t.

N. B. The Public are cautioned to be on their guard against Willie Kemp, who brought this negro from my residence, and stole a wagon and team from me, which he sold to Wm. Crawford, at Rockingham, Richmond county, N. C. Kemp is about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, has lost one eye, thin black Hair, uncommonly large feet, and altogether a mean looking man. It would be doing a public service to apprehend and send him to Richmond county jail, that he may be properly punished.

Jailer's Notice.

TAKEN up, and committed to the Jail of Sampson county, N. C. a Negro Man who calls his name *MADISON*. He says he belongs to William Barnett, of Chester District, S. C. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with according to the law in such case made and provided.
THOMAS K. MORRISY, *Jailer.*
October 18, 1825—38 tf

Notice.

THE Subscriber being duly authorised, by the President and Directors of the Cape Fear Navigation Company, to settle all claims in favor of or against said Company, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Company, either by Note or Book Account, to come forward and make immediate payment of the same, otherwise the duties of his office make it obligatory on him to commence suit without delay.
JOHN CRUSOE,
Treasurer and Agent.
Fayetteville, Oct. 4—35-5t

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale about 350 acres of Land, lying on the northeast side of Cape Fear river, 15 miles above Fayetteville, and 9 miles below Averasborough, near an excellent mill site on Silver Run. The tract, part of which lies immediately on the river and is excellent bottom land, extends from the river across the stage road, affording a good situation for building. Part of the land (about 60 acres) is cleared, and corn, cotton, &c. cultivated on it.

For terms of sale apply to E. J. Hale, in Fayetteville, or to the Subscriber in Raleigh.
J. H. McKETHEN.
Oct. 19—37-tf

Just Published,
And for sale at the Post Office,
An elegant PLATE of the Town of Fayetteville, with a striking likeness of Gen. Lafayette, and a representation of the Lafayette Hotel. Price one dollar.
Fayetteville, October 12.—36-5t.

Real Estate,
FOR SALE OR LEASE.

WILL be Sold or Leased, on moderate terms, the *TAN YARD* lately occupied by GABRIEL DUBARTZ, Esq. deceased, having all the necessary Out Houses, Work Shop, Bark Mills, &c. On the premises are about Fifty Cords of excellent Tan Bark, which will likewise be sold on moderate terms. Any person wishing to commence the Tanning business will do well to call and examine the premises. For further particulars apply to the subscribers.
JOHN CRUSOE,
CHAS. B. JONES, } Ex'rs.
Fayetteville, Oct. 10, 1825—36-1m

Tanner & Currier wanted.

AN experienced Workman, who can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will receive liberal wages.
Apply at this Office.
Oct. 4—35-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
MOORE COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1825.

Benjamin Person, vs. Jesse Upton, jun. } Original Attachment. Levied on 400 acres of Land, &c.

ORDERED, That publication be made in the Carolina Observer for two months, that unless the defendant appear on or before the first day of the next term of said Court, to be held on the third Monday in November next, at the Court House in Carthage, replevy and plead to issue, judgment final will be entered against him, agreeably to the plaintiff's demand, and the said land ordered to be sold to satisfy the same. CORN, DOWD, Clk.
August 28, 1825—31-9t

To Rent,

THREE BRICK STORES on the north side of Person street, opposite the Bank of Cape Fear. They have excellent Cellars, and are most advantageously situated for Mercantile business. Convenient Dwelling houses may also be had.
DUNCAN MAC RAE.
Fayetteville, September —32-e04t

Artillery Order.
Fayetteville, 15th Oct. 1825.

THE commanding officers of the several corps and companies of Artillery in this State, composing the regiment of North Carolina Artillery, are ordered to report their strength, equipment, and condition, forthwith to
HENRY W. AYER,
Colonel Commanding
Regiment N. C. Artillery.
By order,
CHARLES B. JONES, Adjt.

Stage to Charleston.

THE Mail Stage for Charleston will leave the Post Office in this place on the mornings of the 2d, 4th, 6th, inst. at 4 o'clock, and will continue on alternate days throughout the season.
THE PROPRIETORS.
Fayetteville, October 1, 1825—35-6t

FALL GOODS.
J. & S. BIRDSALL

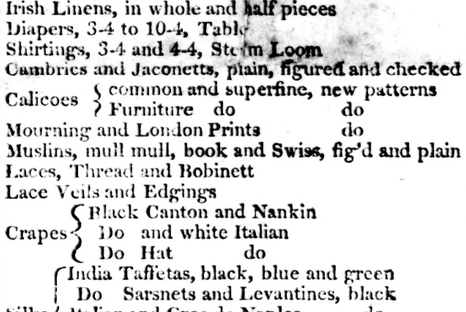
HAVE just received, and are now opening, an *Extensive Assortment* of NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms for Cash, either at wholesale or retail. Among the assortment are,

Extra Super London blue, black, and fashionable olive Cloths.
Do do black and blue Cassimeres.
Fine and common Cloths, all colours.
Double milled drab Great Coatings.
Do do Lionskin do.
Sattinets, blue, black, and Oxford mixed.
Vestings, Toilanett, Swansdown, and Silk.
Flannels, white, red, green, and yellow.
Do Figured scarlet Pelise.
Baizes, Green Bocking and Drapery, 5-4 to 7-4
Blankets, Rose and Point
Bombazetts, plain and figured, all colours
Black Bombazine, 5-8 and 3-4, super super
Linseys, 5-4, high coloured stripes.
Hosiery: Lambs' Wool, gentlemen's white & col'd; Do do half hose; Worsted, gentlemen's and ladies' black white and coloured; Cotton do do do
Shawls: Cassimere, plain and printed, all colours; Prussian and Braganza do; Merino and Canton Crape; Cotton and imitation 4-4 to 8-4
Cashmere Long Shawls
Irish Linens, in whole and half pieces
Diapers, 3-4 to 10-4, Table
Shirtings, 3-4 and 4-4, Steam Loom
Cambrics and Jaconetts, plain, figured and checked
Calicoes: common and superfine, new patterns; Furniture do do
Mourning and London Prints do
Muslins, mull mull, book and Swiss, fig'd and plain
Laces, Thread and Bobinett
Lace Veils and Edgings
Crapes: Black Canton and Nankin; Do and white Italian; Do Hat do
Silks: India Taffetas, black, blue and green; Do Sarsnets and Levantines, black; Italian and Gros de Naples do; Do do figured do; Do white and ombre Shades, all colours
Ribbons: plain Taffetas and Satin, all colours; elegant feathered Scio do
Silk Hosiery, gentlemen's and ladies black & white
Gloves: Ladies' Kid, Silk and Beaver; Gent'n's Beaver, Woodstock and Buckskin
Furniture Fringes
Shell Combs, large and small
Imitation do. and Ivory
Cravats, black silk, plain and figured
Bandanna and Flag Handkerchiefs
Silk Hkfs, Ladies' fancy and black crape
Clothes and hair Brushes
Ticklinburgs, Osnaburgs and Duck
200 reams Foolscap and Letter Paper

DOMESTIC GOODS.
Shirtings, brown and bleached, 3-4 to 4-4
Sheetings, do do 4-4 to 6-4
Plaids and Indigo Checks
Cotton and Wool Cards, Whittimore's genuine
Hats, fine and coarse.

GROCERIES.
Imperial and Gunpowder, Hyson and Young Hyson } TEA.
Pepper and Spice
London Mustard
Indigo and Salt Petre
Bunch Raisins, in half boxes.

LIQUORS.
Cogniac or French Brandy
Holland Gin
Madeira, L. P. old
Do. Sicily do
Teneriffe do
Malaga do } WINES.
Old Port, in bottles
Fayetteville, Oct. 19, 1825—37-tf



Removal.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public in general, that he has removed to the Stand, formerly occupied by Mr. John McArn, on Person Street, a few doors East of the Cape-Fear Bank, and directly opposite to Messrs. Williams & Fenn's. Where he offers for sale at reduced prices—gentlemen's and ladies' Saddles and Bridles, plated and common Harness; together with a general assortment in his line, either at Wholesale or Retail. All orders from the country, shall be promptly attended to, and repairing done at the shortest notice. G. W. McDONALD.
Fayetteville, Aug. 4, 1825—26tf.

Valuable
REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
For Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust made to us by JOHN A. CAMERON, dated the 28th February, 1825, and registered in Cumberland County, we shall proceed to sell the following Real and Personal Property, at Public Auction, namely:

On Monday the 28th November

next, on the premises, the Plantation belonging to John A. Cameron, on Cape Fear River, 7 miles above Fayetteville, containing 1200 acres of excellent Land. It has upon it the usual and necessary out Buildings. About 100 acres are cleared and under cultivation, and is well adapted to the culture of Cotton, Corn, and the other usual crops of the country. It lies adjoining the lands of the heirs of G. Elliott, called Tweedside, and the lands of John Whaley, J. Jones, and others. Also, all the crop of Corn, Oats, Fodder, Hay, and about 25,000 lbs. of Cotton in the seed. Wagons, Carts, Ploughs, and other Farming Utensils; River Flat, &c; Horses, Mules, Hogs, and Cattle. Among the horses is a very valuable 3 year old Stud Colt, by Sir Archie. Persons wishing to view the Lands before the day of sale, are requested to call upon Mr. John Whaley, the Manager, on the plantation.

On Tuesday the 29th November,

we shall proceed to sell, in the town of Fayetteville, all the Real and Personal Estate of the said John A. Cameron, conveyed to us in said deed, consisting of a large and valuable Tenement on the east corner of Market Square, now occupied by Mrs. Shackleford and others, as Stores and Dwellings.

An excellent Brick House and Store, on Person street, at present occupied by Mr. Locke.

A House and Lot on Ramsay street.

A half acre lot of Ground in Campbellton, adjoining the square of said Town.

One tract of excellent Meadow Land, containing 56 acres, with Barn and other out houses, adjoining town, and well enclosed, all in a high state of cultivation, with an excellent Spring, convenient to a handsome situation for building on, commanding a fine view of town, within ten minutes walk of the court house.

Also, a Lot on Hillsborough street, containing 5 acres, on which is a good Dwelling House and out-houses, with a Tan Yard, and the necessary buildings for carrying on the Tanning Business extensively, in excellent condition, lately occupied by Mr. Wm. Cameron; With all the stock of Hides, Leather, Bark, Currier's Tools and Shop Furniture, attached to or used in the Tan Yard. Any person wishing to carry on the business will seldom meet with such an opportunity, as it is the only one now in operation in the town, and a constant supply of Hides, Bark, &c. can be obtained, and a ready sale for the Leather when finished.

One Tract of Wood Land, about two miles from town, on Murchison's Road, adjoining the lands of Salmon M'Kay and others, containing 72 acres.

One other Tract of Wood Land, containing 300 acres, about 4 miles from town, on Buckhead, adjoining the lands of D. McLeran, D. McRae, and others.

One moiety of a tract, supposed to contain 2500 acres, lying on Burnt Swamp, Robeson county.

Two-thirds of one other tract, of 800 acres, on Harrison's creek and its waters, lying in the counties of Cumberland and Bladen, formerly occupied by Major Dudly.

Also, all the interest which John A. Cameron, as tenant for life, has in the undivided Real Estate of Robert Adam, deceased, and R. Halliday, deceased, and in the House and Lot on Gillespie street, the residence of said John A. Cameron. Also, all his Household and Kitchen Furniture, a valuable Library of Books, Pictures and Prints, 2 Carriages and Horses, &c.; 2 Pews in the Episcopal Church, Nos. and ; one moiety of Pew No. in the Presbyterian Church; Blacksmith's Tools; 52 Shares of Steam boat Stock; 16 Shares of Bridge Stock; 19 Shares Stock of the Cape Fear Navigation Company.

Thirty Valuable Slaves,

Among them, 2 excellent Tanners and Curriers, 2 Blacksmiths. Carpenters, and other Mechanics, House Servants, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls, and some good Plantation Hands.

Also, 3 vacant Lots in the town of Petersburg, Virginia, one in that part of said town called Gillfield, known as No. 10; the other two in Pocahontas.

The sale of the above property will be continued from day to day during the week, until all is disposed of.

And, on Monday the 5th of December next, we shall proceed to sell, at Public Auction, by virtue of said Deed from J. A. Cameron, on the premises, that

Valuable Tract of Land,

On which he now resides, containing about 2800 acres (more or less,) lying on both sides of Deep River, and on Buffalo creek and its branches, in Chatham county, about 40 miles west of Fayetteville, adjoining the lands of J. Fushee, K. McIver, M. McQueen, and others. This is considered to be one of the most valuable tracts of Land in the middle part of North Carolina. The improvements are, a comfortable Dwelling House and necessary out buildings, Barns, Granary, and Cotton Gin, with a Screw Press, &c, Valuable Grist and Saw Mill, with abundance of heavy Timber convenient. The soil is very rich, lying in the bend of Deep river, and there is sufficient cleared land to work from 20 to 30 hands to advantage. It is in a high state of cultivation for cotton, wheat, corn, and the other usual products of the country. It has excellent Springs of water, and could be conveniently divided, if necessary. It is situated on the road leading from Fayetteville to the upper parts of the state, with a Ferry over Deep river, belonging to the lands. It would be an excellent situation for a country Store.

Also, all the crop of Corn, Fodder, Oats, and Hay, Seed Cotton, &c. Wagons, Carts, Ploughs, and other Farming Utensils. Household and Kitchen Furniture. Horses, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, and Sheep.

40 very valuable Slaves,

Among which are Blacksmiths, Carpenters, and other Mechanics. The others are House Servants, Field Hands, &c. consisting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls.

Any person wishing to view the Land, will apply to Mr. Cameron, on the premises. To persons wishing to purchase such property, so favorable an opportunity seldom offers, as the whole will positively be sold, and the sale continued from day to day until all is disposed of.

Terms of Sale. For all the personal property, sums under $20, cash—20 to $300, 12 months credit—over $300, 1 and 2 years, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, to bear interest from the date. For the real estate, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and a lien on the property, to bear interest from the date, payable annually.
WM. CAMERON,
JOHN M. DOBBIN,
Trustees.
Fayetteville, Oct. 4, 1825—35-ts

Blanks for sale here,
And Printing, generally, executed.

The indisposition of *lie-a-beds* to face the severity of winter is pleasantly pictured by Leigh Hunt, in a paper, the Indicator. He imagines one of these persons to express himself in these terms:

"On opening my eyes, the first object that meets them is my own breath lolling forth, as if in the open air, like smoke out of a cottage chimney. Think of this symptom. Then I turn my eyes sideways and see the window all frozen over. Think of that. Then the servant comes in. 'It is very cold this morning, is it not?—'Very cold, sir,'—'Very cold, indeed, isn't it?"—'More than usually so, isn't it, even for this weather?" (Here the servant's wit and good nature are put to a considerable test, and the inquirer lies on thorns for an answer.) 'Why, sir, ... I think it *is*.' (Good creature; there is not a better, or more truth-telling servant going.) 'I must rise, however,—get me some warm water.' Here comes a fine interval between the departure of the servant and the arrival of the hot water; during which, of course, it is of 'no use' to get up. The water comes. 'Is it quite hot?'—'Yes sir.' 'Perhaps too hot for shaving: I must wait a little.'—'No, sir, it will just do." (There is an overnice propensity sometimes, an officious zeal of virtue, a little troublesome.) 'Oh—the shirt—you must air my clean shirt; linen gets very damp this weather.' 'Yes, sir.' Here another delicious five minutes. A knock at the door. 'Oh, the shirt—very well. My stockings—I think the stockings had better be aired too.' 'Very well sir.' Here another interval. At length every thing is ready, except myself. I now cannot help thinking a good deal—who can?—upon the unnecessary and villanous custom of shaving; it is a thing so unmanly, (here I nestle closer)—so effeminate, (here I recoil from an unlucky step into the colder part of the bed.) No wonder that the queen of France took part with the rebels against the degenerate king, her husband, who first affronted her smooth visage with a face like her own. The emperor Julian never showed the luxuriancy of his genius to better advantage than in reviving the flowing beard. Look at Cardinal Bombo's picture—at Michael Angelo's—at Titian's—at Shakespeare's—at Fletcher's—at Spencer's—at Chaucer's—at Alfred's—at Plato's. I could name a great many for every tick of my watch. Look at the Turks, a grave and otiose people—Think of Haroun Alraschid and Bed-ridden Hassan—Think of Wortley Montague, the worthy son of his mother, a man above the prejudice of his time—Look at the Persian gentlemen, whom one is ashamed of meeting about the suburbs, their dress and appearance is so much finer than our own—Lastly, look at the razor itself—how totally opposed to every sensation of bed—how cold, how edgy, how hard! how utterly different from any thing like the warm and circling amplitude, which

Sweetly recommends itself
Unto our gentle senses.

Add to this, benumbed fingers, which may help you to cut yourself, a quivering body, a frozen towel, and an ewer full of ice; and he that says there is nothing to oppose in all this, only shows at any rate, that he has no mercy in opposing it."

Compressed Waists.—Now-a-days, it is the fashion to look like an hour glass or a huge insect, or any thing else cut in two, and bolstered out at head and feet. A fashion that gracefully shews the figure is one thing; a fashion that totally conceals it, may have its merits; but voluntarily to accept puffed shoulders in lieu of good ones, and a pinch in the ribs for a body like that of the Venus de Medeci, is what no woman of taste should put up with who can avoid it. Bnt fashion is naturally at variance with health. The more a woman sacrifices to the one, the more she loses of the other. Thick legs are the least result of these little waists. Bad lungs, bad livers, bad complexions, deaths, melancholy, and worse than all, rickety and melancholy children, are too often the undeniable consequences of the tricks that fashion plays with the human body. By a perverse spirit of justice, the children are revenged on the parents, and help, when they grow up, to pervert those who have the advantage of them.—*New Monthly.*

Shaking Hands.—In this country you shake hands,—but let me see a person shake hands with another, and I know by it if his attachment be nominal or sincere. If you give another merely a finger or two, and just drop the hand down, and remove it again in the same way, oh! then I know the power is not active. But see how good old friends shake hands—they do it with an earnestness, and you may see that sincerity and attachment flow through their fingers, so to say.
Dr. Spurzheim's 13th Lecture.

Young people marry as others study navigation—by the fire side. If they marry unsuitably they can scarcely bring things to rule: but, like sailors, they must sail as near the wind as possible. I feel myself like a traveller, with his wife in his chaise and one; if the ground is smooth, and she keeps the right pace, and willing to deliver the reins when I ask for them, I am always willing to let her drive.

FOREIGN.

Items of intelligence by the ship James Cropper, the latest arrival from Liverpool.

The report that had prevailed in London at the last dates, of the complete subjugation by the British troops of the Burmese empire, is contradicted by more recent intelligence, which shews that the war still rages with unabated violence.

The report that the British government had prohibited Lord Cochrane from joining the Greeks is contradicted.

The art of Flying.—Courtney, the American Phenomenon, as the English papers style him, has made a second "terrific flight" from Dover Heights to the Rope Walk. "At three o'clock the rope walk, parade, bridges, heights, house tops, and every place that could afford a view, were crowded beyond description. At twenty minutes before five he started in a most magnificent style, amidst the plaudits of the assembled thousands of spectators, and performed it in twenty two seconds, on a plane of about 1460 feet, without the least inconvenience. Mr. Courtney is said to be the natural son of the late popular actor and dramatist John George Holman."

From the Petersburg Intelligencer.

The late *Cotton Speculation* in Europe is doubtless a subject of great importance with a large majority of our readers: and as the following article from the London Times seems to present a very clear and candid history of the whole transaction, we gladly avail ourselves of the opportunity of giving it a place in our columns. It appears indeed that at one period a complete *mania* reigned in England; but the severe shock which naturally followed has not been sustained in vain, if it will only teach men to be wiser and more cautious in future operations.

To the Editor of the London Times.

SIR—The general accuracy of your reasoning on our manufactures and commerce, entitle you to any addition of light which mercantile observation and some experience can impart. You have doubtless attended to the extraordinary game which has this year been played in that great article of our import, cotton wool. Liverpool being the emporium where 6-7ths of the supply arrive and are sold, has partaken more especially of the memorable revulsion of prices. Public attention was drawn to this article some twelve-months past, by the circulars of an eminent house at Liverpool, who, from the data of figure calculation, drew the inference that ere long the supply would so fall short of our unexampled consumption, that the quantity on hand would easily fall within the power of monopoly. The tocsin was first rung about August, 1824, aggravated by the kind intimation that the deficiency being in heavy packages weighing 300lb. each, and not in those which, composing nearly half our supply, weighing only 180lb. each, the day of deprivation would be accelerated. That your readers may appreciate this ground, I give you the imports for Liverpool and the nation at large, since

1821.	Liverpool.	The Kingdom.
1821	411,111 bags	491,647 bags.
1822	453,903	533,596
1823	578,547	668,684
1824	447,960	540,976

The stock at Liverpool at the close of the years

1823.....261,900 | 1824....126,500

For the kingdom the stock in

1821.....356,340 | 1823....382,840

1822.....285,480 | 1824....235,350

So that the stock of cotton wool at the close of 1824 was 50,000 bags short of the smallest ever known; 147,000 short of 1823; while our consumption had advanced from 10,000 bags per week to 12,224 bags of all sorts, or to 635,648 bags per annum. On taking stock at Liverpool at the close of last year, it fell short nearly 100,000 bags of that anticipated, and a pretty rife spirit (since cooled by better experience) of speculation being then abroad, caused by the sudden fortunes made in the foreign stock and share markets, the plan of monopoly of cottons commenced at both Liverpool and London. Regardless of the past, all descriptions of men, particularly at Liverpool, rushed to the field; and from the serving shopman, shipwright, and apothecary, to their masters, to merchants and to retired gentry, all would purchase cotton wool. The sales at Liverpool soon became invigorated, from 12,000 to 25,000, and even to 45,000 bags per week. On the 1st of last March, the stock at Liverpool, of all sorts, was 80,000 bags against 228,000 on the 1st of March preceding, of which the heavy packages were only 39,700 against 165,000 bags the year preceding on the 1st of March. Away went prices, and if there were occasional checks of 1d. it was only to announce the next day an advance of 2d. per lb. Prices gradually advanced from a medium of 9d. for Uplands, to 18d.; for Egyptian from 10d. to 22d.; for Pernambuco from 11½d. to 23d. &c. The speculators, however, forgot one important feature of such occasions, and particularly the sage whose writings and figures had set the game up—viz. that great prices circumscribe consumption, and command supplies from every region. The cotton spinners became alarmed, and finding that the market for twist and piece goods bore no relative proportion to the buoyant prices of the raw material, suddenly held off, borrowed from each other, and placed their men on one-third, and half time. The boasting just before, and coming from the same authority, was thus—holders of uplands might just as well have 20d. per lb. for it as less.—Our imports poured in, and our market became stagnant. Drafts for first cost came due, and the hour of sorrow pressed onward: holders pressed sales, and after an obstinate struggle, prices have settled down within a shade of the rates from which they started; the losses will average 5d. to 10d. per lb. in Liverpool, or 5l. to 10l. per bag. The ruin of four eminent houses at Liverpool has already taken place, whose losses can ill be repaid by their debtors in America; besides countless numbers who suffer both here and in the country, whose deprivation may never meet the public eye. Already we have an import to the kingdom up to the third of September of upwards of 610,000 bags against 417,963 in the corresponding period of last year, though it was gravely pronounced we could not have within 40,000 bags of the importation of 1824. In the midst of this ruin, one good, and that a national one, is effected. Our magnificent cotton manufacture, which owes its greatness to moderate prices, and unrivalled machinery, rears anew her head, and throwing off the shackles of high prices, will again enable us to undersell all the markets of the world. Private folly and inordinate speculation will suffer, but the staple manufacture of England will reap the harvest and proceed uninjured. It is to be hoped that this memorable lesson will do its office, and cause the merchants to feel that par prices wear best and longest. Before I conclude, I may add that the present state of the money-market shows more than many arguments the madness of our mercantile and foreign loan speculations in the spring.

Yours, &c. OBSERVER.

GREECE.

The following are extracts from letters lately received from Dr. Howe, of Boston, now in the Greek service, dated "Hydra, July 13, 1825." After detailing some operations in which the Turks were successful, he says,

"It is not the strength of the enemy, it is not the weakness of the Greeks, that has brought this blow upon the country; the latter appeared terror struck at the approach of a regular army, and left undefended passes where 400 men could keep back 10,000. Perhaps I am wrong to say they were terror struck; it is not fear, but it is the anarchy that reigns in the country, and the completely unorganised state of the army, which have brought Greece to a situation so perilous, that nothing but a body of foreign troops can save her. Look at her situation; 8000 troops have marched from Modon, across the whole Morea, to the very gates of Napolie; they have laid waste her plains, destroyed her crops, and burnt four of her most populous towns. The loss of the places, in themselves considered, is not much, but it shews most lamentably the state of a country, through which such an army can pass unresisted; and I repeat it, unless foreign troops can be brought here by the beginning of the next campaign, Greece is probably lost. The next campaign, do I say? God only knows what may be her situation next spring! The enemy's fleet are probably out, the reinforcements will soon be landed at Modon, and in one month all may be over. However, in this perhaps I color too highly, and speak rather the opinions and fears of others, than my own real sentiments. I am not yet discouraged; Greece has resources, and may do much. Colocotroni begins to breathe again; men flock around him; Ypsilanti, whom I believe to be as brave and patriotic as Washington, though unfortunately without his talents, has now marched after the enemy with 2000 men. I hope he will do something in the passes. The proud Pacha may have led his men to their graves in the Morea. But I cannot deny that the crisis is an awful one, and a few weeks may decide the fate of this suffering country for fifteen years to come."

"The Greek fleet has just anchored in this harbor; they confirm the report that the Turkish vessels have got to Modon with provisions, ammunition, and about 3000 troops. The Greek admiral says he will be out at sea again in 10 days. The sailors are not discouraged; they are brave, proud, and despise their enemies. In fact the Turks have uniformly shewn themselves, at sea, the greatest lubbers imaginable. They have large beautiful frigates, which they manage admirably; but so miserably do they work their guns, that the Greeks suffer almost nothing from them. The fact is, their sailors are principally Greeks, Maltese, and Italians; but they never allow any but the faithful, that is to say, the Mussulmen, to handle the cannon. A proclamation is this day issued, which makes known, that in fourteen days from this time, the gulf of Patras will be under blockade, and all vessels passing will be strictly searched. This will be something more than a paper blockade, for some Greek cruisers are already there, and in a few days a competent force will be sent. We have just received news from the Morea, where affairs begin to look brighter. It is not impossible the reinforcement will be able to reach Ibrahim Pacha; nay, he may even be effectually blocked up in the plain of Trippolizza, where he still rests. On the first, the Greeks took nearly one hundred camels, laden with stores from Modon, and destined for the Pacha. But we know nothing of the future; the continual changes and uncertainties, baffle all calculations, and we can only do our best, and calmly await the result. Government begin to find that they cannot oppose the regular army of the enemy with their wild troops, who positively know nothing more of order or discipline, than our North American Indians. They begin to talk seriously of raising 3 or 4000 men in Ireland, or elsewhere, and most of them wish for American officers. On consideration, it has appeared to me impracticable to have troops, in sufficient numbers, from the United States; since, among other reasons, they would expect higher pay than could possibly be given them in Greece."

"On the 12th of June died Gen. Ulysses, or Odesseus; he had been taken prisoner by the troops of government, and confined in a high tower, charged with treason; from this tower he attempted to make his escape by letting himself down with a rope, which broke, and precipitated him from an immense height upon the rocks below. In him, Greece has lost one of her bravest, but most dangerous sons; the fact of his guilt cannot be questioned, and by his death the tumults of Attica are hushed."

* * * * * * *

"Probably you will hear melancholy accounts of Greece, during the months of September and October, as the news of her late catastrophes will then reach you; but she will be either entirely lost by that time, or entirely out of danger; which latter I have no great doubt will turn out to be the case. We have had a great and terrible losses by land, it is true, but the reason is perfectly plain; the Greeks have always been used to fighting with the Turks, who have no more discipline than themselves, and they have always beaten them: but this year there is sent into the Morea a regular trained army of Egyptians, and the Greeks, without the least knowledge of tactics, without any kind of order or discipline, without cavalry or a single bayonet in their army—what could they do? They could only destroy all their provisions and their houses, that the enemy might find nothing to eat; this they have done, and the Turks, after marching through the length of Morea, have now stopped at the plain of Trippolizza; and from which, possibly, they may never get out alive."

Among the bequests of the will and testament of the late Pauline Bonaparte, we find in the London Courier the following:

"To Jerome's son, born in America, by Miss Patterson, 20,000 francs.

"To her brother Joseph 'she directs no legacy, he not being in want thereof, as he is better provided with the goods of fortune than his brothers are. She requests him, however, upon the present occasion to accept the sincerest assurances of her affectionate regard.

'To her niece Princess Louisa 50,000 francs.

"To her nephew Napoleon, son of her 'brother, the Emperor,' the villa and possessions of St. Martino, on the Island of Elba; the tavaba of porcelain used at the coronation 'as it will remind him of one of the most glorious epochs in the life of his late father;' also the box for perfumes, and the little bijoux of gold devised to her by the Emperor—'the whole as tokens of her tender affection for him."

The principal part of her estate she leaves to Louis, Jerome and Caroline Bonaparte.

Lottery.—Mr. Holmes, M. P. of Great Britain, gained a £20,000 prize in the lottery just concluded. It is said that he insists on another gentleman sharing his good fortune, as he disputed with him in the shop who should possess the ticket. This is most honorable, and should be recorded.

London paper.

This reminds us of a circumstance which occurred some time ago, under our own observation, and which was even more "honorable" on the part of the ticket-holder, inasmuch as the parties moved in an humbler sphere of life than the honorable gentleman alluded to—consequently, money was to them of greater value. A lady purchased a share of a ticket, the half of which she offered to a young lady engaged in giving instructions in needle-work to her daughters. Miss ——— declined the offer, stating that she had not so much small change at the moment. "That matters not," replied the other jocularly, "I shall advance the money, and if the ticket comes up one of the thirty thousands you shall have the half of it." Nothing more was said, and the conversation passed over as half in jest half in earnest, till one morning, when the lady, on looking over the list of prizes in a London paper, discovered, to her inexpressible joy, that the ticket of which she held the share, was actually the lucky number, which had gained the capital prize of 30,000*l.* Although the temptation to retain the whole was very strong, and backed moreover by the advice of several friends, the lady immediately added the charm of "*tocher*" to the other attractions of the seamstress, by dividing with her the full proceeds of the prize.—*Paisley Adv.*

Litigousness of the Scotch.—The Scotch papers every now and then contain accounts of cases which exhibit in a striking manner the pertinacity of Scotch litigants. The following is an instance in point, from *The Aberdeen Chronicle* of September last. The case was tried at the Justice of Peace Small Debt Court:

Tale of a Tub.—The parties in this case were two old women, and no wonder it was a "tale of a tub," but no "Swift" one, for it was of 21 years' duration. The facts are these:—Just 21 years ago, the pursuer left a tub with the defender, telling her that a person would call for it, and leave 6s.—This person did not call; but 14 years after the pursuer called, and found that the person had not then called, and that the tub was in use by the defender; from whom now, and at the end of other seven years, and on hearing that the person had not yet called, she demanded the 6s. The defender resisted the claim—she has never bought the tub—it was always forthcoming when wanted. The Court decerned 3s. without costs. Neither of the parties seemed pleased with this decision; the pursuer asked what she could say if the person were to call for the tub; and the defender observed, that, instead of paying for it, she was entitled to something for "houseroom."

An indifferent pleader once asked Catullus, "have I succeeded in making a very moving speech?" "Certainly, (said he) for many of the audience pitied you, and the rest walked out of court."

Captain Poussin, of the Topographical Engineers, returned to the Seat of Government some time since, from the survey of a route for the Southern National Road. Our readers are already apprised of the two routes which the General, with his brigade of Surveyors, took, in going to and returning from New Orleans. These were the lower and middle routes, so called: the former passing through the seats of government of the intermediate States, and the latter along a line more westerly. The third route which has been thought of, namely, that through the southwestern part of Virginia, thence via Knoxville, Tennessee, &c. to New Orleans, remains yet to be examined; and, to make this examination, Captain Poussin and Lieut. Trimble, of the Engineer Corps, left the City on Monday last. Gen. Bernard remains here to make the calculations and estimates for the great Western Canal from the Potomac to the Ohio, which will occupy him a considerable time. The reconnoisance of the Southern Road route, just commenced by Capt. P. and Lieut. T. they expect to complete by the month of March next. We are sorry that the Government and country is at present deprived of the valuable aid of Mr. David Shriver, on this and similar works, by his ill health, which has compelled him to resign the service.—*Nat. Int.*

Tennessee.—The laws against gambling are very severe in Tennessee; they inflict very heavy penalties upon betting of every kind, so far as to fine even tossing up for a glass of whiskey—and deprives even the lawyer of his license who shall be convicted under the act.

Not content with providing a punishment for a crime, the Legislature of that State have now before them a law by which the punishment is to be inflicted—it prescribes, as part of an oath for a constable, the following—

"You swear that you will not so long as you shall remain in office encourage or promote any match or matches at cards, dice, billiards, or any other game of hazard or address for money or other valuable thing; and that you will arrest all such persons as in your sight shall encourage or promote any match or matches, or play at any match or matches at cards, dice, billiards, or any other game of hazard or address for money or other valuable thing, so long as you remain in office, *So help you God.*" To violate the obligation of this oath is to be held as a misdemeanor; and it is to be administered to all the constables at the first term of the courts after the 1st day of July next."—*U. S. Gazette.*

Tennessee—Gen. Jackson.—The Legislature of Tennessee are displaying their respect for Gen. Jackson in the most remarkable modes. Resolutions have been adopted by both Houses, "by which he is to be received in the Hall of the House of Representatives on his arrival at the seat of government, and to be addressed by one or both of the speakers, in behalf of the two houses." But they have gone farther in their manifestations of respect. On the 6th inst. a resolution and preamble were submitted to the Senate, "setting forth the claims of Gen. Jackson to the Chief Magistracy of the nation, and expressive of the undiminished confidence of this General Assembly in him, *and recommending him to the people of the Union, as a fit person for President, at* the next election." They were *unanimously* adopted; and on the same day, were passed by the House of Representatives with but *one dessentient* voice of Mr. Reneau; *he* too objecting not so much to the substance as the form of the Resolution. On the next day, it appears, that he "presented his reasons, and had them entered on the journals in the shape of a mild protest."—No consideration shall tempt us at this early season to enter upon the Presidential Campaign of 1828. "Sufficient to the day be the evil thereof." But we think ourselves bound to enter our protest against this Resolution. We would object both to the *time* and *place* of its production. First, it is too early to commence a contest which will not be concluded before the fall of 1828: and 2dly, the members of the State Legislatures have no concern in their legislative character with the nomination of candidates for President of the U. S.—The friends of Gen. Jackson have certainly given *timely notice* of the zeal and pertinacity with which the General's pretensions are to be pressed upon the people.—*Rich. Enq.*

Kentucky is losing her citizens by hundreds and by thousands—that is, by removal to the westward faster than she has acquired them from the eastward for some years; it is supposed that more than forty families have passed through Frankfort within the last ten days.—*Frankfort paper.*

A Philosopher's Skull.—A famous craniologist strolling through a church yard near town, perceived a grave digger tossing up the earth, amongst which were two or three skulls. The craniologist took up one, and after considering it a little time, said, "Ah, this was the skull of a *Philosopher.*"—"Very like, your honor," said the grave digger, "for I do see it is somewhat *cracked.*"

An Irish gentleman in company a few evenings since, observing that the lights were so dim as only to render the darkness visible, called out lustily, "Here, waiter, let me have a couple of *daycent* candles, that I may see how the others burn."

Mr. Sergeant Gardner being lame of one leg, and pleading before the late Judge Forescue, who had little or no nose, the Judge told him, he was afraid that he had but a *lame* cause of it—"Oh! my Lord! (said the Sergeant) have but a little patience, and I'll warrant I'll prove every thing as *plain* as the nose on your face."

Duke Bernard of [illegible] unostentatious style of [illegible] conciliatory department of [illegible] visiter in our country, are [illegible] of high commendation in the [illegible] nearly all the different cities [illegible] has had an opportunity of [illegible] he has landed on our shores [illegible] that the German Society of [illegible] a few days since a splendid [illegible] to the Duke: and we observe [illegible] of this fete which we have [illegible] the stranger was toasted, he [illegible] to offer his "thanks to Provi[illegible] "gracious enough to bring him [illegible] "tainers and himself into [illegible] "tions in *this happy section* of [illegible] "where, placed far above [illegible] "*is valued solely on his own*" [illegible] "each does freely utter the [illegible] "which our Heavenly Father [illegible] —So marked a compliment [illegible] a source, is certainly flattering [illegible] as a Nation—and it is no less [illegible] our feelings as Republicans, [illegible] the Aristocracy of Europe, [illegible] or BYRON, rising superior to [illegible] ces, and prompt to recognise [illegible] his fellow man to that station [illegible] creation "to which Nature and [illegible] entitle him."—*Petersburg Int.*

Monarchy.—Europe at this [illegible] the curious, but by no means [illegible] cle, of *two Brothers* being on [illegible] commencing a war against each [illegible] throne of Spain: and of a *Wife* [illegible] deprive *her Husband* of the Crown [illegible] gal. Now, take all these per[illegible] ther, and the question is, whether [illegible] sufficient virtue or intellect to [illegible] respectable individual in [illegible] yet Nations are to be convulsed [illegible] of their ambitious longings or [illegible] tible jealousies!....*How long will* [illegible] *consent to be "hewers of wood and* [illegible] *water" for such a race?*—*Ib.*

Gale.—A severe gale was [illegible] St. Mary's, Georgia, on Sunday [illegible] ult. which did much damage to [illegible] lower part of the town. The [illegible] was blown up into the marsh, and [illegible] Cutter *blown high up* in the [illegible] lives lost.

Valuable Cow.—The Governor [illegible] chusetts offered for exhibition at [illegible] cester Cattle show, three half-[illegible] one of which deserves to be [illegible] tioned. She has often given four [illegible] quarts of milk per day, of excellent [illegible] The smallest quantity given by [illegible] day, during the summer drought, [illegible] feed only was 15 quarts. The [illegible] considered her the most valuable [illegible] ever exhibited in Massachusetts.

European Bankers.—N. M. [illegible] of London, the great Loan Contractor [illegible] the European and Brazilian governments [illegible] his four brothers, are said to be worth [illegible] than £10,000,000 sterling equal to *fifty millions of dollars!*

Thanksgiving.—The Governor [illegible] York has appointed the 24th of November [illegible] as a day of thanksgiving. The Governor [illegible] also set apart for a similar purpose [illegible] necticut and New Hampshire.

Failures in New York.—The [illegible] *Freeman's Journal* says:—"[illegible] within the last three or four weeks [illegible] number of failures of houses [illegible] standing, have taken place. One [illegible] has mentioned to us several names [illegible] which we observe ship-owners and [illegible] porters. It is supposed that [illegible] five of the houses amount to two [illegible] a half of dollars, to pay which the [illegible] funds do not exceed seven hundred [illegible] thousand dollars."

The *New York Commercial Advertiser* remarks:—"It is the failures in Liverpool we dread, as they generally affect our houses in the gulf of ruin with them. Most of the recent failures in this city have been occasioned in this manner. Indeed we have heard of one of very great [illegible] Having drawn heavily upon a Liverpool house, he soon afterwards and before the [illegible] his bills under protest, heard of [illegible] Having funds in the hands of another [illegible] in order to meet promptly the [illegible] drew again, when, behold, the [illegible] had failed also, and the bills [illegible] back under protest."

Melancholy effects of tattling.—[illegible] occasion, some time ago, to animadvert [illegible] on that evil disposition, which [illegible] viduals, in periods of public [illegible] pry into, and, right or wrong, [illegible] their neighbor's affairs. Since [illegible] find an incident stated in a Charleston [illegible] paper, which confirms with [illegible] curacy those reflections. It is [illegible] and we believe with truth, that [illegible] of Charleston, on arriving in [illegible] harbor, from Liverpool, and being [illegible] that his house had failed, was [illegible] desperate act of throwing himself [illegible] and was drowned. Now his [illegible] and *has not* failed; but, amid the [illegible] busy and mischievous rumours [illegible] their names had been mentioned [illegible] the unfortunate: and these [illegible] were too faithfully and fatally [illegible] the pilot, without knowing [illegible] their truth, or of the interest [illegible] passengers he was talking to [illegible] in it. It would be impossible [illegible] ment to illustrate so forcibly as [illegible] happy occurrence, the pernicious [illegible] ed consequences of such incautious [illegible] licious babble.—*N. Y. Am.*

Human society resembles a [illegible] stone; all would fall to the ground [illegible] piece did not support another

Crawford.—*It* is said to have o the exertions of this highly and patriotic citizen, that the Georgia was dissuaded from carcats into execution, as to the Indian lands, concerning which so much controversy. Had of Georgia persisted in this de- with the U. States troops un- Gaines, and perhaps blood- il war, would have been the "Blessed are the peace-ma- *Herald.*

egislature.—On examining the ors and Representatives that urned as far as we have receiv- different Counties, to represent the next Legislature, it is doubtful party will have the ascendenuse of Representatives. There bly, be a majority of the supneral Clark in the Senate. The sts of 60 members. In the Representatives there are 124 aking in joint ballot 184.

Savannah Republican.

Lee Compere.—A letter from a e Georgia Association informs contract entered into by that e Rev. Lee Compere, Missionaek Nation, has been dissolved the Association, the terms of the ing each party at liberty to disgement at any time. Of the f Mr. C's. conduct, it is stated, ot existed, but some objection his dismissal without a hear- *Missionary, 14th inst.*

K.) exhibited the extraordinary *two* Courts of Appeals sitting in on the same day: they both as- the 3d inst.; the Old Court in the the New Court in the Seminary, rds of each other. The former e gathered additional spirit from ublic sentiment, lately expressed . A large concourse of citizens, d lawyers graced their proceed- lected Jacob Swigert their Clerk, Mr. A. Sneed deceased. After five days, they determined to until the 1st Friday in Novem- previously entered up a rule, to Mr. Blair, the Clerk of the requiring him to deliver the re- the Clerk of this Court by the . The Legislature will be in the 1st Monday in November; test, so disgraceful to Kentucky, to the administration of justice, t to a close; in all probability on of the *Usurper's Court.*—This pened with "a beggarly account nches. But they go on decidcases which are argued; and e salary of Judges of the Court t of the public treasury.

ge sale of Package Goods, in- l Cloths, Cassimeres, Cottons, c. took place at Boston on the Saxony Bread Cloths brought rd by the two pieces or packa- lowest quotation is 82 per yard b. There appears to have been ty of domestic cottons, tickings, nts. &c. and the sale was nuended, the articles bringing, in l prices.—*Nat. Journal.*

tants of the city of New York, the returns already made under orizing a new census, have in- 76,000.

nal Journal says that the Stage Washington City from Baltimore, 37 miles, in 4 hours.

ch Government, it is understood, rrangements for the settlement claims, out of the thirty milars to be paid by Hayti. Many, rge majority of the claimants, rs, are settled in this country. tand, says the Norfolk Herthis town there are claims to a amount; and that most of those em are persons whose situation ch as to render their recovery esirable.

Notice.

ng of the Wardens of the Poor of d County, at the Court House, on e 7th day of September, 1825, hat the Secretary give notice to the eet at the Register's Office at the n Fayetteville, on the first Thursday perior Court, at 12 o'clock, to take tion the propriety of building a House commodation of the Poor of Cumber-

Extract from the Minutes,
JNO. MURCHISON, *Clk.*

y Dollars Reward.

from the subscriber, in Richmond N. C. while on his way to his resi- ang, on the morning of the 27th inst. Men, named *LUKE, SANDY* and

years of age, 6 feet high, yellow com- ost a lower fore tooth, had on a tar- yellow mixed domestic cloth short aistcoat and blue striped trowsers. ulatto, 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 ore a fur hat, much worn, dark mix- omespun short jacket, blue striped wsers.

black, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 h; speaks quick, wore a blue cloth heck shirt, blue homespun trowsers. reward will be given for the appre- ese negroes, and their confinement in e subscriber may regain them, or ten given for securing either of them. ation respecting them will be receiv- Office, Fayetteville, by THOMAS MOULsville, N. C. or by

WILLIAM PEACOCK,
Montgomery, Alabama.
1825—30tf

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1825.

Mr. Calhoun.—A Public Dinner was given to this distinguished gentleman at Columbia, S. C. on the 25th ult. which was attended by about 80 or 100 highly respectable citizens. As usual on such occasions, a number of patriotic toasts were drunk; but the circumstance most remarkable and creditable to the parties is, that the custom of toasting the guest to his face, and receiving in return a long speech, in praise either of the speaker or the listeners, was in this case abrogated, and it was not until after Mr. Calhoun had retired that a toast complimentary to him was given from the chair, and received with loud applause. We trust that the propriety of this course may ensure its adoption on all similar occasions, however contrary it may be to the speech-making propensities of politicians of the present day.

Mr. Calhoun and his family were to leave Columbia on Monday last, on their way to Washington, and they may, we think, be expected here either to-day or to-morrow; when our citizens will probably have an opportunity of paying their respects to one of the most distinguished men of the age.

The Editor of the Cheraw Intelligencer was not *correctly* informed by "a gentleman from Fayetteville," that cotton was selling here last week "chiefly at 12 cents." We understand that none of the new crop had sold here at as low a price as 12 cents until this week, and that is the lowest now given. The accounts from Europe are not cheering, the northern manufacturers are probably supplied, and the low state of the river prevents the shipmemt of what is purchased here. These circumstances combine to depress the market, and have occasioned a fall from fourteen cents, with which it opened, to 12 cents. We hope this will be the minimum.

It is said that the Cape Fear River has not been so low, at this season of the year, for seven years past. The Steam Boat North Carolina, Capt. Tawes, (the only one in operation during the summer,) has not been able to come up to town for some months, and her cargoes are brought up nearly half the distance from Wilmington in lighters. The inconvenience and expense which this circumstance occasions to merchants, is cause of deep regret, and induces a wish that the present delightful weather were superseded by clouds and rain; of which, however, if we have any pretension to *weather wisdom*, there is little prospect for some days to come.

The majority for Gov. Troup is at last ascertained to be 781 votes. A public meeting was held in Milledgeville to make arrangements for giving him an Inaugural Ball, on the 11th inst.

The Legislature of Georgia was to assemble on Monday last. Our readers may therefore look out for another flaming message, with which we shall no doubt furnish them in a week or two.

A private letter has been received from Captain Morris, dated on board the Brandywine, 25th September, 1825, lat. 47°. long. 27°. All well, and General LAFAYETTE had suffered less from sea sickness than he anticipated.—*Nat. Int.*

[The Democratic Press lately said that accounts had been received from the Brandywine stating that she had sprung a leak, and was so unseaworthy as to have induced a consultation whether she should proceed on the voyage, or return. The last National Journal gives the best reasons to prove that this must be all a hoax.]

We are indebted to the kindness of our esteemed friends, Messrs. GALES & SEATON, for the first volume of the "Register of Debates in Congress," recently published by these gentlemen. This work, which has been aptly called a Political Text Book, will be a treasure to the politician and statesman, and to all who wish to avail themselves of one of the most essential privileges guaranteed by the spirit of that compact under which we, politically, live, and move, and have our being. It is of the essence of good government that the people know the *why* and *wherefore* of all the acts of their public servants. Debarred from the attainment of such information, they are of course deprived of the power to appreciate and reward talent and integrity, and to consign the opposites of these to their native insignificance. Perhaps a more effectual mode of enlightening the public mind in this respect, as well as in regard to the not less important subject of the prevailing politics of the day, could not have been devised, than that adopted, after a long time spent in maturing it, by Messrs. Gales & Seaton. Then [illegible] gular detail of all the business of Congress, (for in such a detail there would be a vast deal of uninteresting and useless matter,) but every *interesting incident*, of whatever nature; the debates growing out of such incident, and the orders had thereon: To which is added, an Appendix, containing the important Public Documents, and all the acts passed during the Session, with Indexes to the several parts. The whole forming a volume of more than 500 large pages in small type; for quantity and importance of matter, it is seldom that we meet with a cheaper work. That it may be depended on for a fair and accurate report of the debates, the public have a sufficient pledge in the character which fifteen years of devotion to the business have obtained for these gentlemen. They have acquired a reputation for ability and fairness which no others have ever enjoyed in this, or perhaps any other country; and it is admitted by friends and foes that they have *deserved* the reputation thus acquired.

We cannot do better than to make the following extract from the Prefatory remarks of the Editors:

"No merit is claimed for the contents of the Register on the score of originality. It professes to be no more than a careful compilation of authentic materials. The merit, however, to which this work may justly prefer a claim, is that of faithful History, free from the bias of prejudice or prepossession, and from the accidental distortions to which all traditionary accounts are liable. It is a History which cannot deceive, because it reflects, in the faithful mirror of Truth, not only the motives of public acts, but also the grounds on which those acts were opposed. Its impartiality may defy the most fastidious scrutiny."

We have been thus particular in noticing this volume, because we consider it an important National work, and because we sincerely desire that its utility may ensure for its spirited publishers the success which their arduous and hazardous undertaking deserves. We shall take pleasure in shewing the work to any person desirous of examining it; well assured that we shall deserve the thanks of any one whom we may induce to purchase it.

"Who shall decide," &c.—It was lately computed that the tail of the Comet visible for several weeks past, was five millions of miles long; a subsequent computation has fixed its length at thirty millions of miles; but the Courtland (Alabama) Herald asserts that it is *fifteen or twenty feet long!*

From the Charleston Courier.

The Fall of the Leaf.—It is well for man that he is so often reminded of the uncertainty of mortal life, and that every thing borne upon the stream of Time, soon passeth away, and is seen no more on earth forever. Landscape scenery, at one and the same view, not unfrequently exhibits the mellow foliage of Autumn, the luxuriancy of Summer, and the garniture of Spring: like the family group, possessing within its favored circle the various stages of youth, manhood, and age, it presents to a contemplative mind, no unmeaning or uninstructive picture. Even the Chrysalis and the Butterfly, ephemeral as they are, impart a moral lesson; nor, particularly at this season of the year, is *the fallen Leaf*, in the mute eloquence of its brief history, swiftly swept away, as it is, by the passing winds, a less impressive monitor. It tells us, that on earth there is no perennial Spring, that Autumn has come, the Summer is past, and that Winter is hastening on apace,—

"Dreary Winter that shuts the scene."

Wilmington, Oct. 26.

We understand that part of the Dredging Machine has arrived from New York, and that the most effectual operations will commence on the channels of our river. While we regret, in common with our fellow citizens, the unavoidable delays that have attended this business, we feel pleasure in the assurance of a speedy and successful issue.

Recorder.

The Democratic Press informs us that the amount of revenue collected in the Custom House, at New York, for the last year, is about *fifteen millions* of dollars; and that the receipts at Philadelphia have increased in an equal proportion.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

From our correspondent.

ARRIVED,
Schr. Anna, Tittermary, from Baltimore.
Brig Pilgrim, Church, Charleston.
Brig Marcia, Maberry, Gaudaloupe.
Schr. Golden Age, Elliss, St. Marks.
Schr. Gleaner Packet, Prior, Boston.

CLEARED,
Brig Rodney, Eaton, for Barbadoes.
Schr. John, Gove, St. Croix.
Brig Tontine, Allen, New York.
Brig Superior, Scott, Philadelphia.
Sloop Cashier, Darling, New York.
Sloop James & David, Morriss, Norfolk.
Brig Beaver, Work, Providence.

Blanks for sale.

MARRIED,
In Moore county, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. McMillan, Mr. Green Womack, of Pittsborough, to Mrs. Ann McIver, of Moore county.

DIED,
In this town, on Wednesday the 26th ult. after a short but painful illness, in the sixty-second year of her age, Mrs. Katharine Isabella, wife of Mr. Marshall R. Willkings. Memory may weep, but hope must triumph, "For I reckon that the sufferings of the present time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us."—*Comm'd.*

Postscript.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

New York, October 27.

The Packet ship Silas Richards, Capt. Holdredge, arrived early on Thursday morning from Liverpool, having sailed thence on the 28th ult. and brought regular advices to that date inclusive.

The Commercial intelligence continues unfavorable. The house of Moon, at Manchester, in the cotton trade, had failed.

We have copied an article said to be a manifesto of the Greeks, placing themselves under the protection of England. We find this in only one of our papers, and unaccompanied by any explanation or comment. [*Not to be relied on.*]

A letter from Constantinople of Aug. 23, states that an American squadron, of a ship of the line, a frigate, and 2 corvettes, had arrived in the Archipelago.

Extracts of letters from Liverpool, Sept. 28.

"Our Cotton market is very dull this week, and prices are considered a fraction lower—the import is again exceeding heavy, and the total this year is about 230,000 bales more than up to the same period last year.

The sales for the week ending Sept. 24, consisted of 5632 bales Uplands, at 6d to 10 3-4d; 1623 Orleans, 8 to 12 1-4; 1553 Tennessees, 7 to 10d, and about 200 Sea Islands.

Letters from Havre of Sept. 20 are received. The Cotton market was dull, and prices a shade lower than at former dates. Money market sound."

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		Qua'ty rated.	From D. C.	To D. C.
Beef, Fresh in Market	-	lb.	4	
Beef, Northern	-	bbl.	7 50	8 00
Brandy, Cognac,	-	gallon.	1 25	1 60
Apple, in dem'd	-	do	45	50
Peach,	-	do.	50	
Bacon, - -	-	lb.	6½	7
Beeswax -	-	do.	30	32½
Butter, -	-	do	12½	15
Bagging	-	yard,	25	28
Coffee, Prime Green,	-	lb.	19	22
2d & 3d qual.	-	do	18	19
Candles, Mould,	-	do	14	15
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton, dull	-	do	12	
Corn, -	-	bushel	50	60
Copperas .	-	lb.	4½	5
Flax -	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough,	-	bushel	80	85
Flour Sup. scarce	-	barrel.	7½	
Fine, do.	-	do	6	
Fish, Herrings	-	do	4 00	4½
Mullet	-	do	6 00	
Feathers -	-	lb.	35	
Gin, Holland, -	-	gallon,	90	1 25
Country, -	-	do	43	45
Ginger .	-	lb	6	10
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	4 00	5 00
10 by 12	-	do	5 00	6 00
Bottles	-	groce	11	12
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb.		
West India,	-	do		
Iron, - -	-	100 lb.	5¾	5¾
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb.	3 50	
Flotant	-	do	3 50	
Lime, - -	-	cask,	2 25	2 50
Lard .	-	lb.	7	8
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3 00	4 00
Lead, Bar	-	lb.	10	11
Logwood -	-	100 lb.	2 50	3
Molasses, -	-	gallon,	42½	
Nutmegs .	-	lb.	2 50	3 00
Nails, cut, Assorted	-	do	7	8
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Nankeens, Blue	-	piece,	1 40	
Yellow	-	do	60	65
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2 00
Oats, .	-	bush	35	40
Oil, Curriers	-	barrel.	18 00	20 00
Linseed	-	gallon.	80	1 00
Pork - .	-	barrel.	8 00	9 00
Porter London,	-	dozen,	3 50	
Philadelphia,	-	do	2 50	3 00
Pepper, -	-	lb.	21	22
Pimento, -	-	do	30	
Plaster Paris,	-	ton	7 50	10 00
Powder, Duponts,	-	Keg,	7 50	8
Others,	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4 00
Spanish Brown	-	do	2 00	2 80
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica,	-	gallon,	80	1 00
Wind. Island.	-	do	70	80
New-England,	-	do	42½	45
Rice, - -	-	100 lb.	3 50	4 00
Raisins .	-	box,	2 50	3 50
Rags .	-	lb.	2	6
Shot, -	-	Bag,		3
Sugar, Mus. Prime,	-	100 lb.	12½	14
Common,	-	do	11	12
Loaf, -	-	lb.	22	25
Salt, Liverpool,	-	bush.		90
Turks Island,	-	do	70	80
St. Ubes, &c.	-	do		
Salts, Epsom	-	lb.	25	30
Glauber	-	do	6½	
Steel, American	-	do	8	9
E. Blistered	-	do	16	18
German	-	do	17	18
Salt-Petre .	-	do	12	15
Tallow, -	-	do	7	7½
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson, -	-	do	1 20	1 20
Tobacco, Leaf,	-	100 lb.	4	5
Manufactured,	-	do	5 00	20
Tin, ½ x	-	box	16 00	18 00
Verdigrs, -	-	lb.	65	
Wheat, -	-	bush.	1	1 25
Whiskey, . -	-	gallon,	40	42½
Wine, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira,	-	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe,	-	do	1 25	1 50
Port,	-	do	2 00	3 25
Malaga	-	do	80	

United States Fire Insurance Office,

Of the City of New York.

APPLICATIONS for Insurance on Buildings, Merchandize or Furniture, against loss by Fire, will be received by J. BIRDSALL, Agent.

Fayetteville, Oct. 18—37-9t

MANSION HOTEL.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support he has heretofore received, and, in soliciting a continuance of those favors, assures them that every exertion will be used, and due attention bestowed, in order to the comfort and pleasure of Travellers and Boarders. His Rooms are numerous, being new, clean, and large, are well adapted for comfort and health, opening upon a garden which presents a fine prospect; superadded are the comforts of ease and retirement, which may be enjoyed in spacious Parlours by Travelling Families. This situation, being on one of the most elevated streets, is healthy; attended with the advantage and convenience arising from the important and extensive business transacted on that street, which will make it the interest of Country Merchants and Planters to call. It is constantly supplied, by means of aqueducts, with pure water, issuing from one of the best fountains in the State.

His BAR will be constantly supplied with the best and choicest of

LIQUORS.

His TABLE with the best the country and market affords; his Stables shall be attended by faithful, steady, and honest Ostlers. Other advantages are attendant upon this Establishment, rarely to be excelled in any other Public House in this State.

DILLON JORDAN.

Fayetteville, Nov. 2—39-4t.

N. B. Considerable preparations are making for gentlemen attending the next Superior Court.

The above Hotel is the regular Stage House for all the Stages that arrive at and depart from Fayetteville.

☞ The Editors of the Raleigh Register will please publish the above 4t and forward their account as above.

Notice.

I HAVE appointed Mr. EDWARD L. WINSLOW my Agent and Attorney during my absence from the State, which I expect to leave in a few weeks.

D. OCHILTREE.

Fayetteville, N. C. Nov. 1, 1825—39-3t

Three or four Young Men,

WHO can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will meet with constant employment, at liberal wages, on application to

C. & P. MALLETT.

Fayetteville, Nov. 1—39-tf

☞ The Editor of the Hillsborough Recorder is requested to publish the above three times.

HATS.

THE Subscriber has just received from the most celebrated manufacturers in New York and Philadelphia, a large and elegant assortment of the most fashionable HATS, which he offers to his friends and customers at the lowest cash price. Military Hats can be procured to order.

He has also the satisfaction to inform his customers, that he has received a large supply of the first quality *LIQUORS & WINES*, selected by himself. Also,

60 kegs Nails
10 boxes Muscatel Raisins,
1 bag real Mocha Coffee,
20 bbls Mackerel. 10 half bbls ditto.
2 baskets real Sweet Oil,
50 bags Shot,
21 kegs Powder (Dupont's)
Loaf and Brown Sugars,
Cotton and Wool Cards
Saddler's Tacks, Coffee Mills.

Together with a great variety of other articles, which will be sold low for cash.

ANSON BAILEY.

Fayetteville, Nov. 2—39 3t

Journeymen Printers.

WE wish to employ immediately, Two or Three Journeymen Printers, to work at book work. The best wages will be given.

HEISKELL & BROWN.

Knoxville Register Office, }
Knoxville, Tenn. Oct. 7, 1825. }

GALES'S NORTH CAROLINA

ALMANACKS,

For the year of our Lord

1826,

For sale by the groce, dozen, or single one, at the publishers' prices, by

CHARLES STUART.

Fayetteville, Oct. 19—37-tf

Negroes for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 15th of November next, at the Court House of Chatham County, N. C. will be offered for sale, the Negroes belonging to the Estate of the late John Henderson, Esq. of Chatham County, on a Credit of Six and Twelve months; purchasers to give Notes with satisfactory Security.

On the same day, and on the same terms, the Household and Kitchen Furniture, the Stock, Crop, and Farming Implements, will be offered for Sale at the Dwelling House of the late John Henderson, Esq.

ROBERT DONALDSON, }
JAMES DONALDSON, } Ex'rs.

October 5.—35tds.

Map of North Carolina.

THIS desirable Work, which has been unavoidably delayed, is now progressing, and will probably be completed in the course of the ensuing winter. Those gentlemen who have been kind enough to undertake the correction of the Maps of their respective counties, and who have not yet found it convenient to do so, are respectfully solicited to give the matter a moment of their attention as soon as may be convenient.

From the specimens of correctness which those Maps that have been received in most instances afford, the public may be assured that a more correct Map of the State will be obtained by the means pursued than by any other that could have been adopted. In many instances entire Maps of the different counties have been made out with great labour, and no doubt with as much accuracy.

To those gentlemen from whom the corrected Maps have been received, the subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments.

JOHN MAC RAE.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—33tf

100 Pieces 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
Bale Rope and Sewing Twine,
50 Bags Coffee,
15 Hhds Sugar,
20 Bags Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Imperial and Hyson Tea,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
10 Quarter Casks sweet Malaga Wine,
30 Bbls Whiskey,
50 Kegs Cut Nails
Cotton Cards
100 Bags Shot, assorted sizes,
Bar Lead, German and Blistered Steel,
15 Tons Swedes Iron,
Indigo, Madder, Logwood,
Glauber Salts, Saltpetre,
50 Reams Wrapping Paper,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
50 Casks Lime,
12 Boxes Tin.

For sale by CHARLES T. HAIGH.

September 28, 1825—34-6if

POETRY.

HEAVEN.

From the Atheneum.

Weep, mourner, for the joys that fade,
Like evening lights, away—
For hopes, that, like the stars decay'd,
Have left thy mortal clay;
Yet clouds of sorrow will depart,
And brilliant skies be giv'n,
And though on earth the tear may start,
Yet bliss awaits the holy heart
Amid the bowers of heav'n;
Where songs of praise are ever sung,
To angel harp, to angel tongue.

Weep, mourner, for the friends, that pass
Into the lonesome grave,
As breezes sweep the withered grass
Along the whelming wave;
Yet though thy pleasure may depart,
And darksome days be giv'n,
And lonely though on earth thou art,
Yet bliss awaits the holy heart,
When friends rejoin in Heav'n;
Where streams of joy glide ever on,
Around the Lord's eternal throne.

SINGLE BLESSEDNESS.

Let no repugnance to a single state
Lead to an union with a worthless mate,
Although, 'tis true, you'll find full many a fool
Would make old maids the butt of ridicule.
A single lady, though advanced in life,
Is much more happy than an ill-match'd wife.

Fayetteville Academy.

A PRINCIPAL TEACHER is wanted in this institution, well qualified to instruct youths of both sexes in all the branches of an English and Classical Education, and to prepare young men for entrance into the Junior Class of any College in the Union. His moral character, and qualifications for teaching the Greek and Latin Classics, must be undoubted.

It is the design of the Trustees to contract with a Gentleman who will take upon himself the sole management and responsibility of the School, comprehending both departments, Male and Female, supply the same with Teachers of his own choice, and furnish every other necessary; in consideration of which he will be entitled to regulate the price of tuition, and to receive all the emoluments derived from it.

This plan is recommended by the experience, that salary employments do not stimulate to that industry and zeal, which are necessary to the successful progress and reputation of a large School, and has its foundation in that principle of self love, which prompts the exertions most where interest lies, by identifying the interest of the Teacher with the character of the School, thus affording to the public the surest guaranty of having their children faithfully taught.

The Academy lot and buildings are situated in a very pleasant part of the town, on one of the principal streets, and in the neighbourhood of the Episcopal and Presbyterian Churches. The lot is large, and well shaded in the front yard, which communicates with the street over a stile: The main building and wing are three stories high, with a double Portico in front, and is surmounted with a beautiful Belfry—the length and breadth of the main building is about 65 by 45 feet, divided into large apartments, separated by large halls or passages through the centre.

They are sufficiently capacious to accommodate a School of 200 scholars and a family, and the lot is supplied from a Hydrant in the front yard with good and wholesome water.

Few prospects can be more inviting than the present, to a married gentleman with a family, qualified to assist in the School, or capable of taking boarders, (and such a person the Trustees would greatly prefer,) for it combines the advantages of two-fold profits, to be derived from teaching and boarding children from abroad. And when it is known that this Academy is situated in a town with a population of 3600 souls, and that there is no Academy within 60 miles of it, in which the higher branches of learning are taught, the striking advantages of this offer cannot fail to make a strong appeal to the interest and enterprise of the first talents in the country devoted from necessity to the vocations of literature.

The Trustees will lease the buildings, lot, &c. from the first day of January next; (when the present lease expires) for one year; after which they will extend the term to any number of years the contracting parties can agree upon.

Letters, post paid, may be addressed to the subscribers at this place.

LOUIS D. HENRY, } *Committee.*
JNO. W. WRIGHT, }
Fayetteville, August 10, 1825—27-3m

Hay Mount School.

THE Third Quarter commenced on Monday last. Having engaged Mrs. UNTHANK as an Assistant in the government and instruction of the School, the subscriber flatters himself, that, by their attention and assiduity to the improvement of those committed to their charge, to be enabled to deserve the continuance of public patronage. Terms as heretofore.

F. A. MORELL.
Fayetteville, Oct. 5, 1825.—35-tf

For Sale,

A VALUABLE *PLANTATION*, on the East side of Cape Fear river, opposite the town of Fayetteville, on the Stage road leading to Raleigh, two and an half miles above Clarendon Bridge—This tract contains three hundred and ninety eight acres, with a good Saw and Grist Mill on the same, the Grist Mill commands a large range of custom. The Land is well adapted to the culture of Corn and Cotton. Any person disposed to purchase the same may know the terms by applying to Merrit Sedberry in Fayetteville, or Joseph J. Brooks in Chatham county. A great bargain will be given in this Land. JOSEPH J. BROOKS.
September 28, 1825—34-t25D

A good Bargain.

MRS. PERRY, intending to remove from this State, offers her *BRICK HOUSE*, either to Rent or for Sale. Terms will be uncommonly low. If rented, the Two Stores and Dwelling House will be Let, either together or separately, to suit tenants. If sold, Bank Stock will be taken in payment, or a credit of one, two, three, and four years given.

For terms, apply to Mrs. Perry.
Fayetteville, Sept. 26, 1825—34-1 D

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Cumberland Superior Court of Law.—Spring Term, 1825.

Susan King, }
vs. } Petition for Divorce.
James R. King. }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant James R. King, is not an inhabitant of this state, so that the ordinary process of law can be served on him;—*Therefore, it is ordered by the Court*, That publication be made for three months in the Carolina Observer, and Fayetteville Sentinel, that unless the said defendant appear at the next court, to be holden for the county of Cumberland, at the court house in Fayetteville, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, 1825, to plead, answer, or demur, the said petition will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Test, JOHN W. WRIGHT.
August 13, 1825—28-3m

FISH!

130 Barrels Herrings, (Brownigg's brand,) just received, and for sale, by
M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.
August 4—74°

JOHN M'IVER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he is now receiving a handsome supply of

SEASONABLE GOODS

And Newest Fashions,

Which have been bought in New York, principally at Auction, great care having been taken to purchase them as low as they could possibly be bought in the City, and as they will be sold for Cash only, they may be expected at unusually cheap prices, wholesale or retail.—They consist as follows, viz:

Super. Black, Blue, Olive, Claret and Drab Cloths
Sattinets, Denmark Satteens
Bangup Cords, Silk Stripe Florentines
Plain, twilled, and figured Bombazettes
Wellington Stripes, Cotton Florentine
Caroline Plaids, Flannels
Linens, a variety, in whole and half pieces
White Drillings, Nankeens,
Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings
American blue plaid Ginghams
India Custahs
Table, bird eye and Russia Diaper
Thread Cambrics and Long Lawns
Thread Laces, furniture Fringe
Fancy Cambric and Muslin Prints, a variety
Plain and figured Jaconet Cambrics and Muslins
Plain and figured Swiss Muslins,
Superb Swiss Muslin Cravats
Rich Swiss Muslin half Handkerchiefs and Caps
Swiss Bands and Tippets
Book and Mull Muslins
Victory White Robes
3-4 and 5-4 super. Cambric Dimity
Inserting and Merino Trimmings
Ladies' Cotton Hose, Men's half do
Clark, Spool, Floss and Sewing Cotton
Darning Cotton and Cotton Balls
Russia Duck, brown and black Linen
Super. 3-4 and 4-4 Furniture Chints
12-4 Marseilles Quilts
Superior Linen and Cotton Bed Tick
Cotton Umbrellas,
Colored Cambrics, a variety
White and Green Gauze Veils
Rich Lace Shawls, Crape Handkerchiefs
Black Silk Velvet
Black and White Italian Crape
Rich trimmed Gauze Robes
Green Florence and Levantine
Ladies' stout embroidered Silk Hose
Do plain and ribbed, black and white do
Black and White Silk Gloves
Ladies' Kid Gloves, Men's Horse Skin do
Silks, Mandarin Crape Robes, fancy colors
Black Canton Crapes
Black Satins and Sarsnetts
White Crape Liece and figured Silk Lace
Rich black, white, brown, pink and lead colored figured Silks
Rich Silk Handkerchiefs, fancy colors
Fashionable Gauze and Zelia Handkerchiefs
Choppa Romall Handkerchiefs
Rich Satin & Gimp Trimmings & Cords, a variety
Ribbons, a variety, richest kind, & newest style
Men's and Ladies' Umbrellas and Parasols
Ladies' and Misses Bolivar Leghorn Hats, by the Case, or otherwise
Straw Flats, Bandboxes and Reaths
Fancy House Paper
Do Rich do for Screens
Men's fashionable Black Hats
Do do Drab do
Do do Seal Drab do
Servants' Glazed Hats
Fashionable Morocco and Prunel Shoes
Ladies' Fancy Work Boxes
Indelible Ink and Ink Powder
Scissors, Pins and Needles
Coat and Pearl Buttons
Phosphorus Pocket Lights
Shell, Side and Tuck Combs
Imitation do do do
Toilet and Dressing Glasses
Pillar do
Lead Pencils and Pencil Cases
Chimney Ornaments
Transparent and Windsor Soap
Cotton Galloons and Quality Binding
Fancy Necklaces, &c. &c. &c.
Fayetteville, May 3, 1825.—13-tf

Tumblers and Decanters.

THE subscribers are appointed agents to the South Boston South Glass Works. Have now in store a general assortment of plain and figured half pint and gin Tumblers, plain, ring neck, and figured pint and quart Decanters, plain and figured pint and half pint Ticklers, for sale by
WILLKINGS & CO.
February 24—3-tf

THE Subscriber has authorised EDWARD L. WINSLOW to collect all sums of money due the late concern of Winslow & Huske, and to grant discharges therefor.

JNO. HUSKE, *Surviving Partner.*
April 13, 1825—10-tf

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between John A. Cameron and James Townes, under the firm and title of Cameron & Townes, being dissolved, and all the effects of said concern having been conveyed in trust to the subscribers, for purposes therein expressed—

This is to give notice, to all indebted to said concern, to come forward as soon as possible and pay their respective balances to either of the subscribers, who alone are authorised to receive and grant receipts for the same.

WM. CAMERON,
JOHN M. DOBBIN,
Agents and Attorneys for the late firm of Cameron & Townes.
15th March, 1825.—6-tf

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber's Plantation on Cape Fear, in June last, a negro man named BEN, aged about 40 years. He is a very large man, of black complexion, and has no particulaer marks about him that I recollect. If Ben will come in and go to his work, he will be forgiven: if he is taken and lodged in jail, or delivered to Frederick Moore, the above reward will be given.

J. A. CAMERON.
Fayetteville, Sept. 12—32-tf

100 Dollars Reward.

THE Mails of the United States, of the 18th and 25th July, from Charleston to Fayetteville, and of the 23rd from Fayetteville to Charleston have been robbed. The above reward will be paid to any person who will communicate such information as shall lead to a discovery and conviction of the perpetrator. Two individuals are in confinement under circumstances calculated to excite a strong suspicion of their guilt. A considerable sum of money has been found in the possession of one of them. Any person who may have sent money or other valuable papers by either of the above mentioned Mails, will please forward a description of the same to this Office, as early as may be convenient. JOHN MAC RAE, Postmaster.
Post Office, Fayetteville, Aug. 6, 1825—27-tf

[illegible]

HAS removed to the Store, lately occupied by Messrs. J. Snively & Co. on Hay Street, opposite the Lafayette Hotel.
September 14.—32tf

Williams & Fenn

HAVE removed to the Store, lately occupied by David Stephenson, on Person Street, a few doors west of the Cape Fear Bank.
September 14—32tf

James Kyle

HAS received, by the late arrivals from N. York, a large and general assortment of new and elegant GOODS, among which are,

Rich Shaded and figured Gros de Naples Silks
Do plain do do
Superior black Nankin Crape
Do do Canton do
Nankin and Canton Crape Robes
Mandarin Crapes, black and coloured
An elegant assortment of Ribbons
Merino square and long Shawls, some very superior
Cassimere Shawls and Points
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, in half and whole pieces
Blue and black Cloths and Cassimeres
Superior Shaded Calico, and common do.
Gimps, Frogs and Daisey Buttons
Superior Flag and Bandana Handkerchiefs
3-4 4-4 5-4 & 6-4 bleached & unbleached Domestic
Plaid and Camlet Cloaks, for Ladies and Gentlemen

With many other articles in the DRY GOODS, GROCERY, HARDWARE, & QUEENSWARE line, all of which are offered at unusually low prices, by Wholesale or Retail.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—tf

Molasses, Sugar, &c.

Just received by Steam boat North Carolina,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES;

40 Casks Stone Lime,
20 Barrels Apple Brandy,
10 hhds. Brown Sugar,
20 do. Molasses,
2 pipes Holland Gin,
5 barrels Mackerel,
10 do. Superior Ale,
2 do. Lime Juice,
10 do. Superior Cider, for bottling,
India Matting,
Gilt Setting Chairs,

For Sale by WILLKINGS & CO.
June 15—19-tf

Just received and for Sale.

10 Casks Tanner's Oil,
70 Kegs White Lead, ground in Oil.
JNO. HUSKE.
Fayetteville, Sept. 27, 1825—34tf

Cotton Saw Gins

JUST received, and for Sale by
DUNCAN THOMPSON.
July 12—23-tf

NEW BOOK STORE.

WM. E. TROY respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has just opened an excellent assortment of valuable

BOOKS AND STATIONARY,

lately purchased by himself in New York, which he will sell low for cash.

He has located himself, for the present, in a part of Mr. William Locke's Store, on Person street, about 200 yards east of the Town House, where he solicits the patronage of the public.

Among his stock are the following, in addition to which he expects soon to receive a larger supply, and will procure regularly and quickly from New York all new publications.

Armstrong on Typhus Fever
Thomas's Practice. Bell's Anatomy, 3 vols.
Do Domestic Medicine
Ewell's Medical Companion
Hooper's Medical Dictionary
Walker's Dictionary. Webster's Spelling books
Columbian Orator. Goldsmith's England
Cumming's Geography & Atlas. Morse's do do
Pike's Arithmetic. Daboll's do
Gibson's Surveying. Bonnycastle's Algebra
Murray's English Reader. Do Exercise
Do Grammar. Do Key. Do Sequel
Goldsmith's Rome. Do Greece
Conversations on Chemistry. Do on Philosophy,
Popular Lessons. Cowper's Task.
Brief Remarker. Nursery Morals
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary
Græcæ Majora. Shrevellii Lexicon
Valpa's Greek Grammar. Greek Testament
Leusden's Greek and Latin Testaments
Græcæ Minora. Clark's Corderia
Adams's Latin Grammar, simplified
Clark's Cæsar. Viri Romæ
Historiæ Sacræ. Wilson's Sallust
Smart's Horace, 2 vol. Davidson's Virgil
Cicero Delphini. Horace do. Virgil do
Confession of Faith. Blair's Sermons
Life of Rev. Doct. Scott. Cases of Conscience
Kean's Vindication of Methodism. Irving's Orations
Buck's Theological Dictionary
Horne on the Psalms, calf gilt
Scott's Theological Works, 6 vols.
Pilgrim's Progress. Life of Mrs. Graham
Bunyan's Holy War. Family Bibles
Pocket and School Bibles. Octavo do
Common Prayer, in plain and elegant binding
Hume, Bissett, and Smollett's England
Memoirs of the Court of Queen Elizabeth
Shakespeare, 6 vols. morocco gilt
Riley's Narrative. Zimmerman on Solitude
Vicar of Wakefield. Butler's Hudibras
Milton's Paradise Lost. Goldsmith's Works
Locke and Bacon's Essays
Wreath, a collection of Poems. Youth's Library
Burns' Works, complete. Cook's Voyages
Devil upon two Sticks. Economy of Human Life
Perigrine Pickle. Thaddeus of Warsaw
The Lady of the Manor, being a series of Conversations on the subject of Confirmation, by Mrs. Sherwood
Female Quixotism, or the Extravagant Adventures of Darcasina Sheldon, 2 vols.
English Life, in 4 Pictures, 2 vols.
Rothelan, a Romance, 2 vols.
Sayings and Doings, second series
Refugee, 2 vols. A few days in Athens
Owen's new view of Society.

Together with a great variety of
CHILDREN'S TOY BOOKS.

Cap, Folio post, Drawing, Letter, Wrapping, and blue Medium PAPER
Lead Pencils, Rogers's Pen-Knives, Pencil Cases, Inkstands, Wafers and boxes.
Fayetteville, June 29, 1825.—21-tf

A Tobacco Factory for sale.

THAT valuable Factory and Lot of Ground, situated at Lower Fayetteville, contiguous to the Tobacco Warehouses, holding out a very advantageous and lucrative employment for a person acquainted with manufacturing Tobacco—the buildings are spacious and convenient, with Screws, &c. forming an I, each wing fifty feet long and forty wide, with convenient rooms for storing the Tobacco. This valuable Factory is offered upon very moderate terms, and on a long credit—For further particulars apply at the Auction Store of

WILLKINGS & CO. or
J. M. DOBBIN and
WM. CAMERON.
May 18, 1825—15-tf.

[illegible]

10 Dem. Superior Quality, (warranted genuine.)
M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.
April 20, 1825—11-tf

Drafts at sight, on Baltimore, Philadelphia and New-York,

in sums to suit purchasers, for sale, and South-Carolina and Georgia money, purchased by
O. P. STARK.
April 19.—12tf

4000 BUSHELS first quality Turk's Island SALT, stored in the Steam Boat Warehouse, for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, at a low price.
JNO. HUSKE.
Sept. 6, 1825—31-tf

Factorage and Commission Business.

THE subscriber tenders his services to his friends and the public in general, as a Factor and Agent for the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, or such other articles of Country Produce as are brought to Fayetteville for Market, and for the purchase of Goods generally.

He will invest the proceeds of any sales by him made, without Commission, in Goods of any description that may be ordered, or pay or remit the same as he may be directed, paying the most particular attention to the orders of his employers in that respect.

Having convenient Warehouses for Storage of Produce or Merchandise, he will also receive and ship, or forward any Produce or Goods that may be committed to his charge for either of those purposes.

He promises prompt and strict attention to the orders and interest of his employers, and that his charge for Commission shall be moderate.

JOSEPH BAKER.
Fayetteville, N. C. 14th Sept. 1825.—33-3m

LAFAYETTE HOTEL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THIS spacious and convenient House will be open on the 10th October, for the accommodation of the Public. Besides a large number of comfortable single Bed rooms, so much desired by Travellers, this Establishment contains several handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments, particularly suited for the reception of families. Boarders, with or without lodgings, will also be accommodated. The Furniture and Bedding are entirely new; and, as the Proprietor intends keeping the House in the most genteel style, he confidently hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

CLEMENT TRACY.
September 28, 1825—34tf

Bank Stock for Sale.

BEING about to remove from the State, I offer for Sale, 83 Share State Bank Stock, and 81 Shares Cape Fear Bank Stock.

ROBERT DONALDSON.
Fayetteville, September 27, 1825—34tf

Negroes for Sale.

SOME valuable negroes for sale, on moderate terms, for cash. For particulars apply to Mr. Martin M'Pherson, sen.
February 2nd—100-tf

Horne's Introduction.

GENTLEMEN desirous of possessing this valuable work at the subscription price, $12, are advised that a call at this office within a few days will ensure it to them; but, as it will no doubt be published very soon, they will be unable to obtain it for less than $16, if they neglect to subscribe.

July 5, 1825.

ALLENS' OFFICE,

166 MARKET STREET—
Baltimore, Oct. 6, 1825.

THE DRAWING OF THE

GRAND STATE LOTTERY

Has been fixed for the *NINTH DAY OF NOVEMBER* (next month.) The demand for tickets in this Lottery has been such that the drawing might have taken place at a *much* earlier day—The magnitude of the *Capital Prize* and the low price of tickets, viz.

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS! for $5, and the highly popular odd and even plan by which the fate of the capital prizes is decided, as well as a large amount of the minor prizes, has caused a great demand for tickets.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	30,000	is	30,000
1	-	10,000	-	10,000
1	-	5,000	-	5,000
10	-	1,000	-	10,000
10	-	500	-	5,000
30	-	100	-	3,000
60	-	50	-	3,000
100	-	20	-	2,000
200	-	10	-	2,000
400	-	5	-	2,000
20,000	-	4	-	80,000
20,813 Prizes				$152,000

NOT ONE BLANK TO A PRIZE.
ALL IN ONE DAY.

This Lottery is arranged on the Odd and Even System. The purchaser of two tickets or shares, one odd and the other even, must draw at least one prize and may obtain three.

Every prize payable in Cash, which can be had at *Allens'* Office the moment they are drawn, subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

Price of Tickets.

Whole Tickets $5 00 | Quarters $1 25
Halves 2 50 | Eighths 62

Tickets and shares to be had, Odd and Even, in a great variety of numbers at

Allens'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
166 Market street, Baltimore.

Where in former State Lotteries were obtained no less than 11 prizes of $1000, 3 of $5,000, 8 of $10,000, $20,000, $25,000, and the great capital of $100,000, and where was sold, all drawn in one day, prizes amounting to $250,000, being the greatest amount ever obtained at any office in America.

Where in the last State Lotteries, were sold the $20,000—the 10,000 and the 5,000 dollar prizes, and paid the 20,000 and the 10,000.

N. B. Adventurers may at all times forward their orders to this Office with confidence.

Persons signifying their wish will be furnished with the drawing.

☞ ORDERS from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets, in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. *Address to*

S. & M. ALLEN & CO. Baltimore.
Oct. 6.—36 4t

Blanks for sale.

Managers' [illegible]

(By authority of the State [illegible])

SPLENDID LO[illegible]

To be drawn in the City of New[illegible]
January, 182[illegible]
And finished in [illegible]

45 NUMBERS—6 BALLOT[illegible]
Each Ticket having 3 Numbers

J. B. YATES & A. M'INTY[illegible]

SCHEME
OF THE
New York State Litera[illegible]
CLASS 3, FOR 18[illegible]

1	prize of	$10[illegible]
1	-	[illegible]
1	-	50,000
1	-	20,000
2	-	10,000
4	-	5,000
10	-	2,500
39	-	1,000
78	-	500
468	-	100
4,446	-	50

5,051 Prizes,
9,139 Blanks.
Less than Two Blanks to a [illegible]

PRICE OF TICKETS
Whole ..... $50 | Quarters [illegible]
Half ..... 25 | Eighths [illegible]

This is the most magnificent Scheme that has been offered for the patronage of the [illegible] lottery adventure in America. The [illegible] Tickets, and the unexampled demand [illegible] sufficient warrant, that there will not be [illegible] left, for weeks before the day fixed for [illegible] and that the price of Tickets will [illegible] dollars.

☞ Gentlemen are therefore [illegible] early in their application, as all [illegible] mailed before the rise will be entitled [illegible] at the present rates.

* * * Notes of the Bank of the [illegible] its Branches, and, generally, the [illegible] that pay specie, received at par.

Also, Mercantile Drafts at sight, [illegible] large Cities, and Prize Tickets [illegible] payment.

All Letters to be post-paid.

The Mails may be relied on as [illegible] for all remittances.

YATES & M[illegible]
Wash[illegible]

Equity Sale.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the [illegible] of Equity, of, in and for the [illegible] land, State of North Carolina, in the [illegible] Court depending, wherein Richard [illegible] complainant, and Mrs. Rachel Shaw [illegible] Shaw, Esq. deceased, is defendant, [illegible] sold, (to effect a division between the [illegible] said,) at Public Auction, in the Court [illegible] Court House of said county, in the town [illegible] ville, at 11 A. M. of Monday the 7th [illegible] by and under the direction of the [illegible] Clerk and Master of the Court also [illegible] *LOT OF LAND*, on the east side of [illegible] Fayetteville, with a large and commodious [illegible] Brick *DWELLING HOUSE* thereon, [illegible] en, Stable, &c. formerly the property [illegible] pied by Alexander McMillan, Esq. [illegible] deceased.

Terms of Sale, nine, twelve, and eighteen [illegible] credit, in equal instalments, purchaser [illegible] to the undersigned Clerk and Master [illegible] and his successors in office, (with security [illegible] by said Master to be approved of,) [illegible] with said terms, the undersigned will [illegible] cute and deliver a sufficient Deed [illegible] Master as aforesaid, to purchaser of [illegible] said Lot and its appurtenances.

JOHN HOGG.
October 1, 1825—35-1m

Equity Sale.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the [illegible] of Equity, of, in and for the [illegible] land, State of North Carolina, in the [illegible] Court depending, wherein Richard [illegible] complainant, and Mrs. Rachel Shaw [illegible] Shaw, Esq. deceased, is defendant, [illegible] sold, (to effect a division between the [illegible] said,) at Public Auction, in the Court [illegible] Court House of said county, in the town [illegible] ville, at 11 A. M. of Monday the 7th [illegible] by and under the direction of the [illegible] Clerk and Master of the Court also [illegible] *LOT OF LAND*, on the east side of [illegible] Fayetteville, with a large and commodious [illegible] Brick *DWELLING HOUSE* thereon, [illegible] en, Stable, &c. formerly the property [illegible] pied by Alexander McMillan, Esq. [illegible] deceased.

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JOHN HOGG.
October 1, 1825—35-1m

20,000 Lbs. of prime [illegible]

in barrels and half [illegible]

100 bags of Green Coffee.
100 pieces of heavy 42 inch Cotton [illegible]
2500 Bale Rope.
30 barrels New England Rum.
15 hhds. Molasses.
500 Salt Sacks.
30 barrels of Mackerel.

Sept. 6, 1825—31-tf

C. J. TOOKER

CABINET MAK[illegible]

BEGS leave to inform his friends [illegible] in general, that having finished [illegible] of the State House in Raleigh, he [illegible] Fayetteville, at his old stand, where [illegible] furnish all kinds of furniture in his [illegible] and Chair making, at the shortest notice [illegible] ness and dispatch, at less prices than [illegible] chased elsewhere, for cash or barter.

N. B. All kinds of repairing done [illegible] line, at the shortest notice.

Fayetteville, Dec. 16—39-tf